# ASAM Criteria & SUD Residential Session 1

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# Disclosures

- Co-editor, ASAM 4th Edition
- Past President, Maryland-DC Society of Addiction Medicine
- Board of Directors, Baltimore City Medical Society
- Advisor: Iris Telehealth; M3 Information; Harmon Care
- Copyright of the content from <u>The ASAM Criteria</u>, 3<sup>rd</sup> edition (2013) is owned by The American Society of Addiction Medicine, as published by The Change Companies

# Agenda

- 1. Overview
- 2. 4<sup>th</sup> Edition Goals and Changes
- 3. Current Challenges
- 4. Alignment with 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition



# The 4<sup>th</sup> Edition of the ASAM Criteria

# **Core Principles**

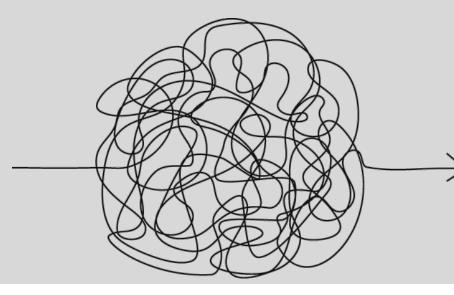
Admission based on **patient need** rather than arbitrary prerequisites (e.g., prior treatment failure).

#### Multidimensional

**assessment** addresses the broad biological, psychological, social, and cultural factors that contribute to addiction and recovery. Treatment plans are individualized based on a patient's needs and preferences.

Care is interdisciplinary, evidence based, delivered from a place of empathy, and **centered on the patient**. Patients move along a **clinical continuum of care** based on progress and outcomes (not a preset schedule). Informed consent and **shared decision making** accompany all treatment decisions.

### Goals for the Fourth Edition



It doesn't have to be this complicated

- Move away from expert opinion to methodologically driven
- Aggregate the treatment of addiction
- Deepen and modify the dimensional analysis
- Simplify withdrawal management
- Further, define outpatient care
- Separate and enhance justiceinvolved and adolescent care
- Integrate risk ratings into LOC determination

### Methodology for Updating The ASAM Criteria standards

- Literature Reviews 17 Structured literature reviews to support the development of the adult volume
- 2. <u>Writing Groups</u> Convening 17 writing groups to draft standards for each area
- 3. <u>COI limits</u> Conflict of interest review
- 4. Inputs Each writing group reviewed the public stakeholder input, literature review findings, and 3rd edition standards, and considered their own clinical experiences in implementing The ASAM Criteria
- 5. <u>Voting Process</u> Modified Delphi process with independent voting panels (with no-low COI) rating the appropriateness of each standard
- 6. <u>Reconciliation</u> of voting panel feedback

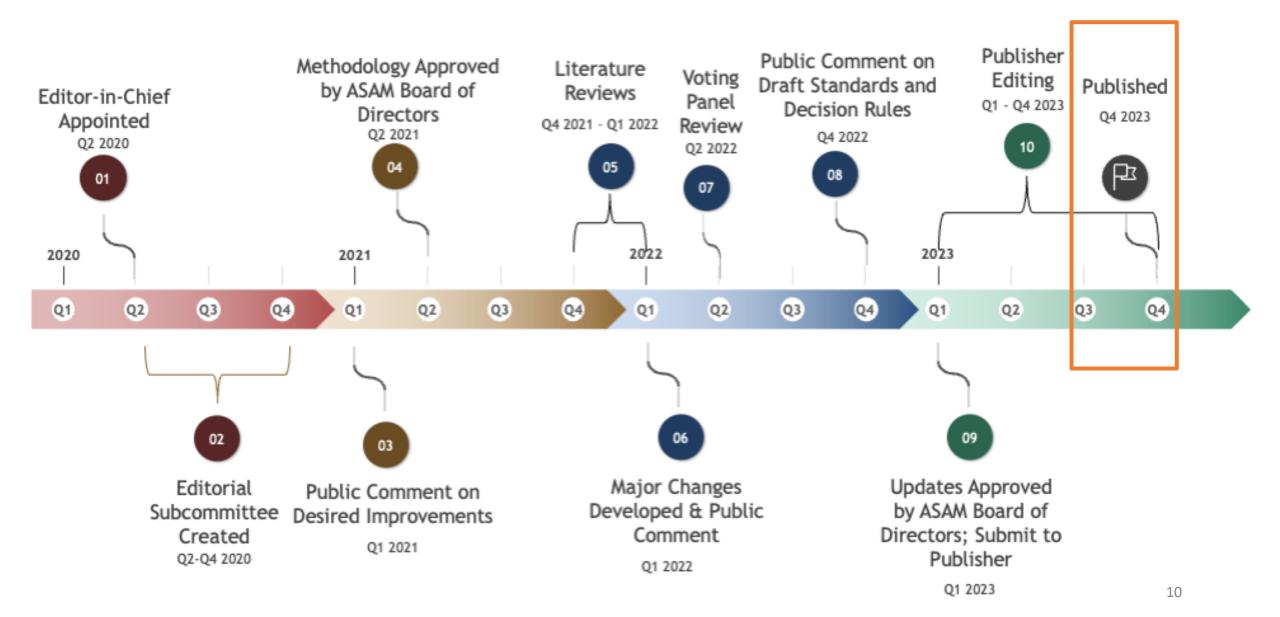
### **Appendix C – Draft Table of Contents**

- Introduction
  - Purpose of The ASAM Criteria
  - History and current use of The ASAM Criteria
  - Major change in the 4th edition
  - Vision for the future of The ASAM Criteria
- Methodology
- How to use the ASAM Criteria standards
  - Components of The ASAM Criteria
  - Matching multidimensional severity with intensity of service
- Implementation considerations
  - Systems of care
  - Telehealth and other health technologies
  - Quality evaluation and improvement
  - Application of The ASAM Criteria within utilization review and management
- Assessment
  - Level of care assessment
  - Treatment planning assessment c. Re-assessment
  - Measurement based care
- Treatment planning

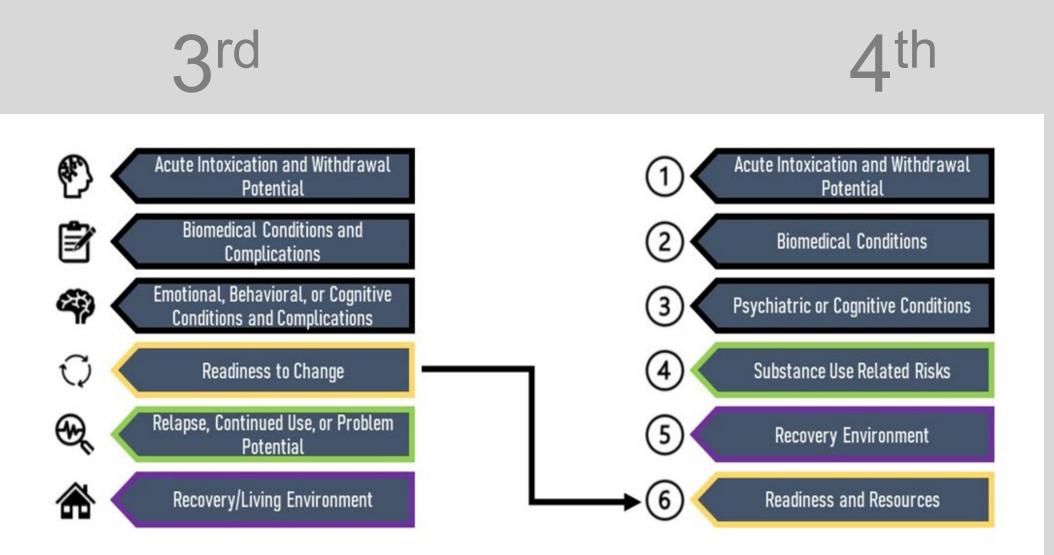
### **Appendix C – Draft Table of Contents**

- The ASAM continuum of care
- ASAM levels of care standards
  - Service characteristics for each Level of Care
  - Co-occurring enhanced service characteristics for each Level of Care
  - Risk ratings and dimensional admission criteria
  - Utilization management considerations
- Integrating co-occurring mental health care
- Integrating recovery support services
- Providing culturally competent and trauma responsive care
- Addressing tobacco use disorder
- Addressing cognitive impairments
- Addressing social determinants of health
- Supporting patients involved with the criminal justice system
- Supporting pregnant and parenting patients
- Supporting safety sensitive workers
- Supporting older adults
- Supporting patients with comorbid pain
- Glossary of terms
- References
- Contributors

#### Timeline



### Reordering the dimensions



## **Dimension 1 Assessment Considerations**

Acute intoxication and withdrawal potential

- Vital signs
- Substance use history
- Withdrawal and associated risks
- Need of Medications for OUD (Dimension 4 of the Treatment Planning Assessment will assess need for other addiction pharmacotherapies)

Dimension 1-A aute Intoxication and/or Withdrawal (Current withdrawal symptoms, risks, or impairments)

Dimension 1 Risk Rating:\*

Describe Dimension 1 (include CIWA or COWS, if applicable):\*

Depressed, anxious, irritability, sleep disturbances, restlessness, abdominal aches

Dimension 1-Acute Intoxication and/or Withdrawal (Current withdrawal symptoms, risks, or impairments)

Dimension 1 Risk Rating:\*

Describe Dimension 1 (include CIWA or COWS, if applicable):\*

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Increased or decreased appetite, Restless legs, Body weakness, Low energy/Fatigue, Restlessness, Cognitive impairments, Impaired concentration/Difficulty focusing or thinking clearly, Depressed feelings/sadness, Mood swings; severe highs and lows

#### DIMENSION 1: ACUTE INTOXICATION AND/OR WITHDRAWAL POTENTIAL (CONTINUED)

#### **RISK RATING & DESCRIPTION**

The patient demonstrates poor ability to tolerate and cope with withdrawal discomfort. Severe signs and symptoms of intoxication indicate that the patient may pose an imminent danger to self or others, and intoxication has not abated at less intensive levels of service. There are severe signs and symptoms of withdrawal, or risk of severe but manageable withdrawal; or withdrawal is worsening despite withdrawal management at a less intensive level of care jeg, as a continuation of withdrawal management at other levels of service, or in the presence of opioid withdrawal with cravings and impulsive behaviors).

For patients in Opioid Treatment Programs (OTP), the dose is inadequately stabilized and the patient has severe symptoms of withdrawal, or frequent, significant, and ongoing compensatory use of opioids or other drugs.

#### SERVICES & MODALITIES NEEDED

Moderately high-intensity intoxication monitoring, management, or withdrawal management services are needed. Nursing and medical monitoring may be needed for more severe withdrawal.

For patients who require medically monitored and nurse-managed mental health services (a Dimension 3 risk rating of 3 or higher), moderately high-intensity withdrawal management can be provided in a mental health setting with ongoing case management to coordinate care.

The patient in OTP requires dose adjustment, counseling services to assess and address readiness to change and relapse issues, and random urine testing.

RISK RATING: 3

pg 75

### Dimension 2 Assessment Considerations Biomedical conditions

- Acute physical health concerns (including acute or uncontrolled pain)
- Chronic physical health concerns
- Pregnancy-related concerns

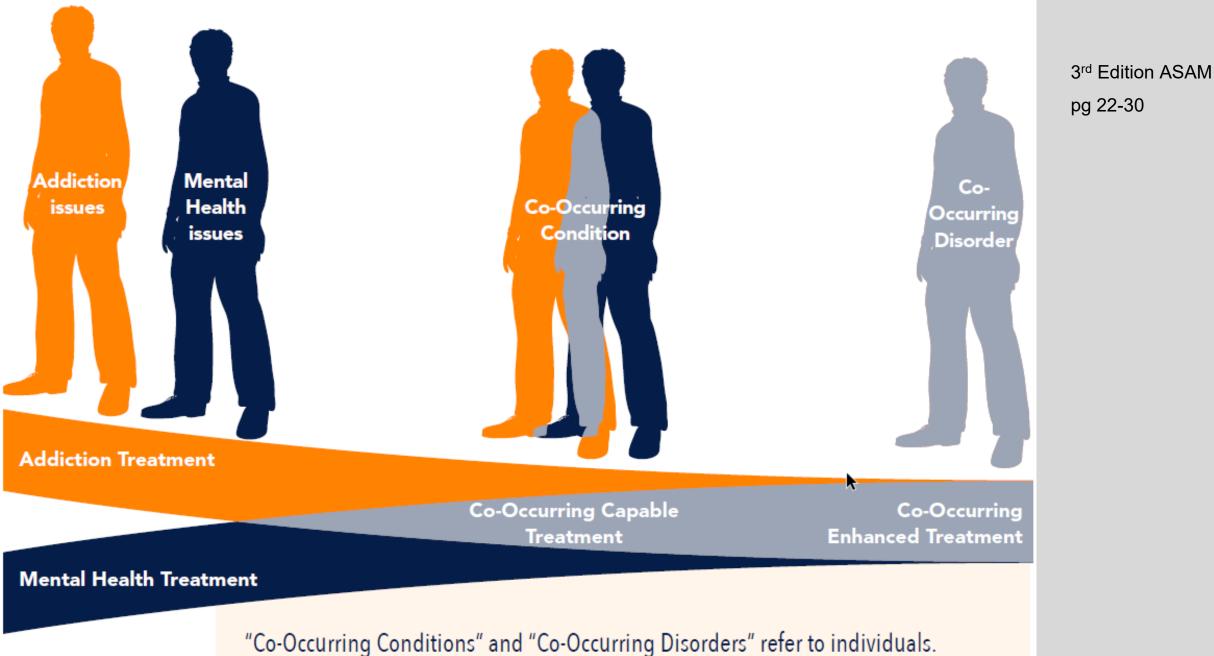
#### Dimension 2-Biomedical Conditions and Complications (Current health problems, medical interactions, abnormal labs).

| Dimension 2 Ris                         | sk Rating:*<br>1-Mild 🔿 2-Moderate 🔘 3-Serious 🔿 4-Imminent Danger |  |
|---|--|--|
| Describe Dimer                          | nsion 2:*  |  |
| HTN<br>Hx of overdose<br>Unstable vitas |  |  |
| I                                       |  |  |

# **Dimension 3 Assessment Considerations**

Psychiatric and cognitive conditions

- Active psychiatric concerns
- Chronic mental health concerns
- Cognitive functioning deficits
- Trauma-related needs
- Psychiatric history



"Co-Occurring Capable" and "Co-Occurring Enhanced" refer to types of programs.

#### **CO-OCCURRING CONDITIONS AND MATCHING SERVICES TO NEEDS**

#### PATIENTS

#### Patients with co-occurring mental health needs of mild to moderate severity: Individuals who exhibit (1) sub-threshold diagnostic (ie, traits, symptoms) or (2) diagnosable but

stable disorders (ie, bipolar disorder but adherent with and stable on lithium).

#### SERVICES

**Co-Occurring Capable (COC):** Primary focus on substance use disorders but capable of treating patients with sub-threshold or diagnosable but stable mental disorders. Psychiatric services available on-site or by consultation; at least some staff are competent to understand and identify signs and symptoms of acute psychiatric conditions.

For a co-occurring capable mental health program, the primary focus is on mental disorders but capable of treating patients with sub-threshold or diagnosable but stable substance use disorders. Addiction services are available on-site or by consultation with some staff competent to understand addiction.

#### Patients with co-occurring mental health needs of moderate to high severity: Individuals who exhibit moderate to severe diagnosable mental disorders, who are not stable, and who require mental health as well as addiction treatment concurrently.

**Co-Occurring Enhanced (COE):** All staff cross-trained in addiction and mental health and are competent to understand and identify signs and symptoms of acute psychiatric and substance use conditions and treat both unstable mental and substance use disorders concurrently. Treatment for both mental health and substance use disorders is integrated. 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition ASAM pg 22-30

Future: Add COC/COE checkbox to forms

### Dimension 4 Assessment Considerations Substance use related risks

- Likelihood of engagement in risky substance use in current environment
- Likelihood of engaging in other harmful SUD related behaviors in current environment

### Dimension 5 Assessment Considerations Recovery environment

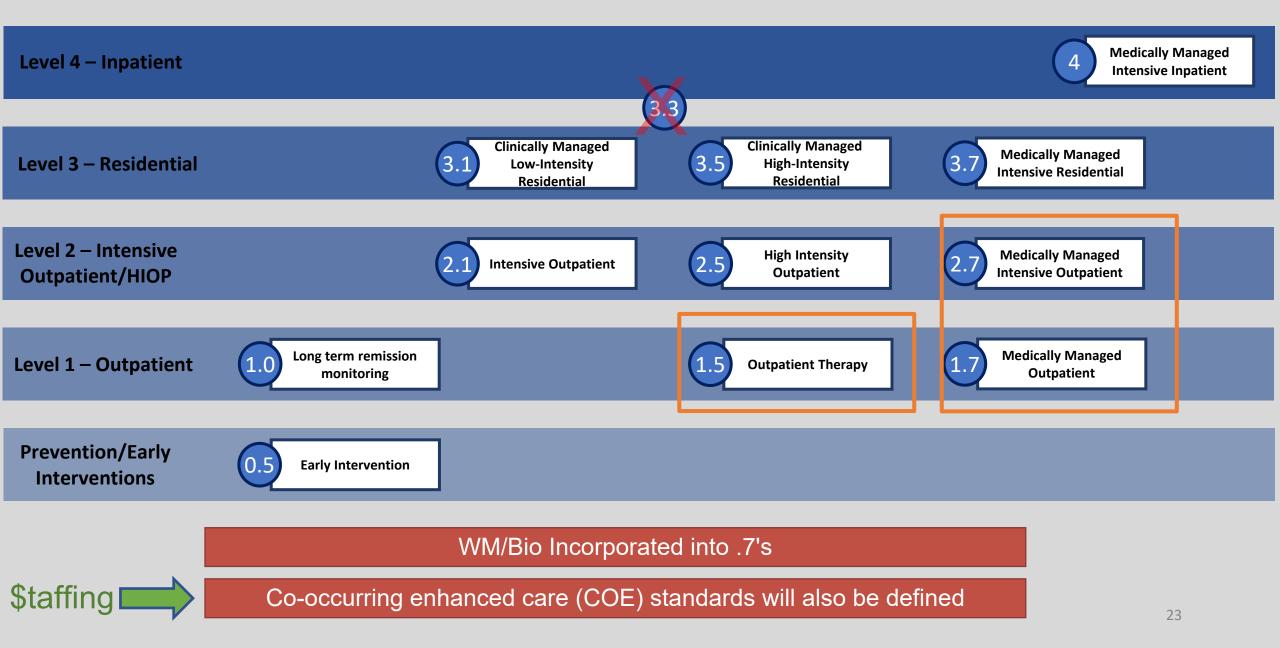
- Ability to function effectively in current recovery environment
- Safety in current recovery environment
- Support in current recovery environment
- Cultural perceptions of drug use and addiction

### Dimension 6 Assessment Considerations Readiness and Resources

D6 should be considered AFTER Level of Care recommendation is determined based on needs identified in Dimensions 1-5.

- Is the patient able to attend the recommended Level of Care?
- Assuming the patient has sufficient resources and services are available, is the patient willing to attend the recommended Level of Care?

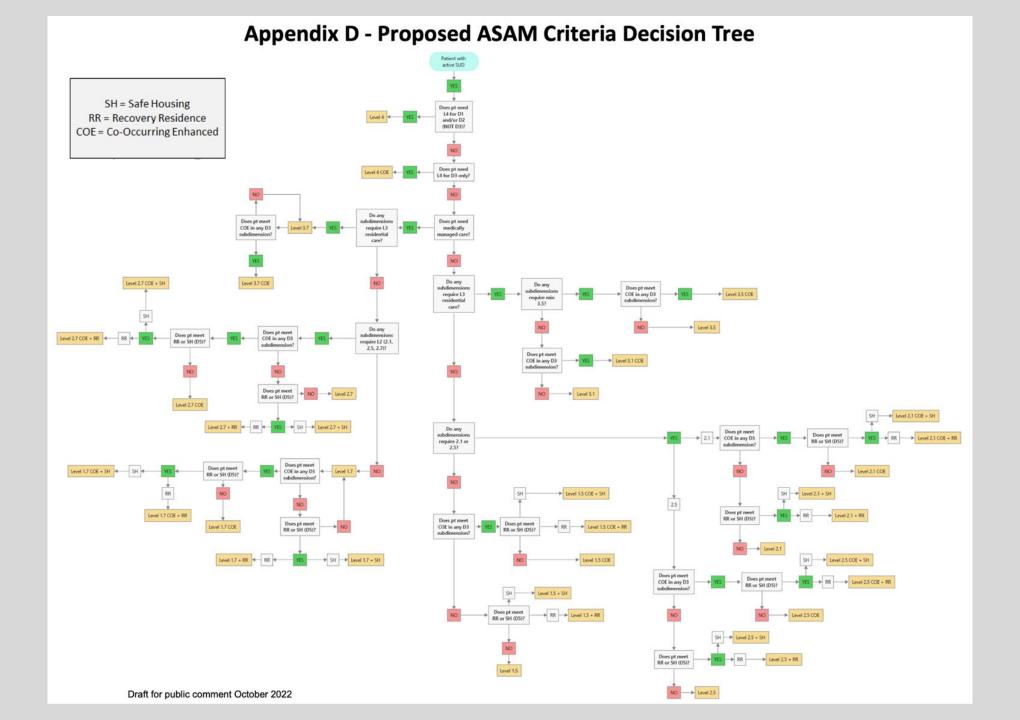
#### The ASAM Criteria Care Continuum for Addiction Treatment – Adult

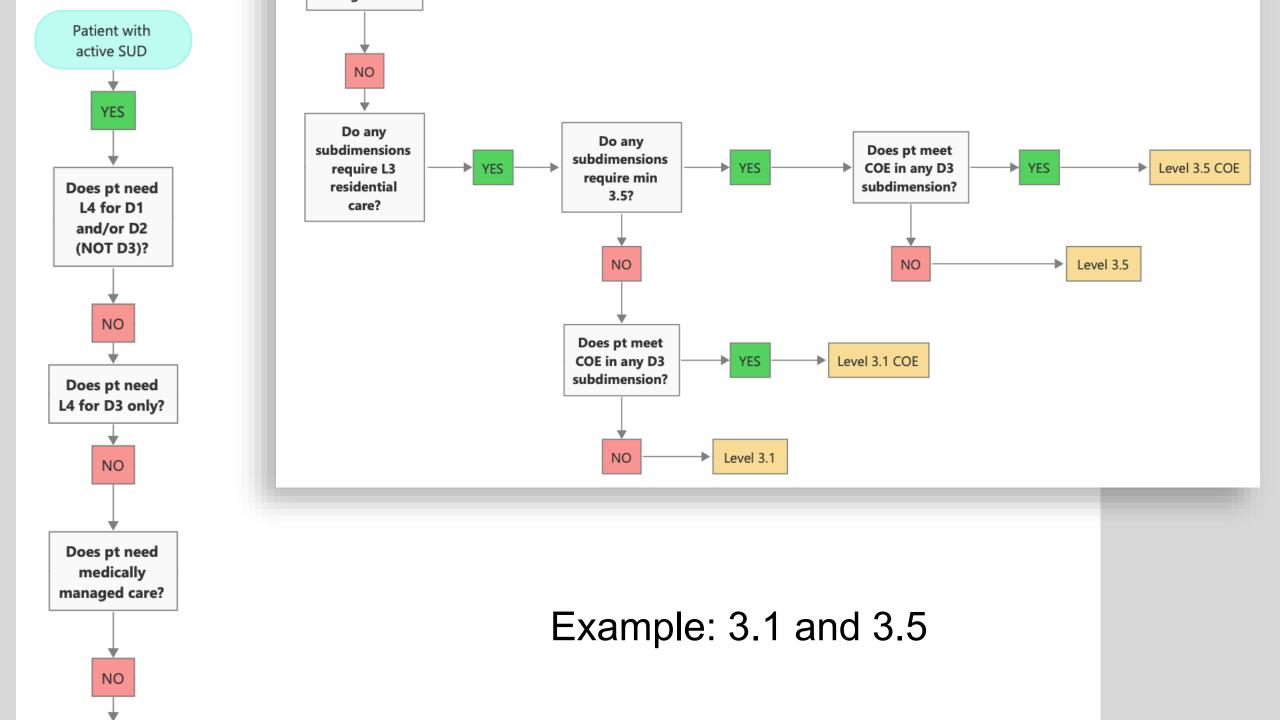


# Example of Integrating Risk Rating and Dimensional Admission Criteria

### 24 The ASAM Criteria Dimensional Admission Criteria

- 25 Integrating the Risk Ratings and Dimensional Admission Criteria
- 26 The 3<sup>rd</sup> edition of *The ASAM Criteria* includes a framework for rating risks in each dimension as well
- 27 as dimensional admission criteria for each level of care. However, the dimensional admission criteria
- 28 do not reference the risk ratings. The 4<sup>th</sup> edition will integrate risk ratings into the admission criteria
- and will incorporate a written algorithm/decision tree with a goal of making the decision rules easier
- 30 to understand and follow reproducibly.





### 14 Dimension 3 – Psychiatric and Cognitive Conditions

- 15 The program's admission criteria should not exclude patients on the basis of a current or past
- 16 mental health disorder diagnosis alone; the appropriateness of admission should be determined
- 17 based on the severity and acuity of the patient's psychiatric concerns as outlined in The ASAM
- 18 Criteria dimensional admission rules.
- Suicidal ideations alone are not a reason to deny admission. All programs should be co-occurring
   capable, including being able to assess and triage patients to who report suicidal ideations to
   determine if they need a psychiatric assessment/higher LOC.
- 23 Active Psychiatric Symptoms

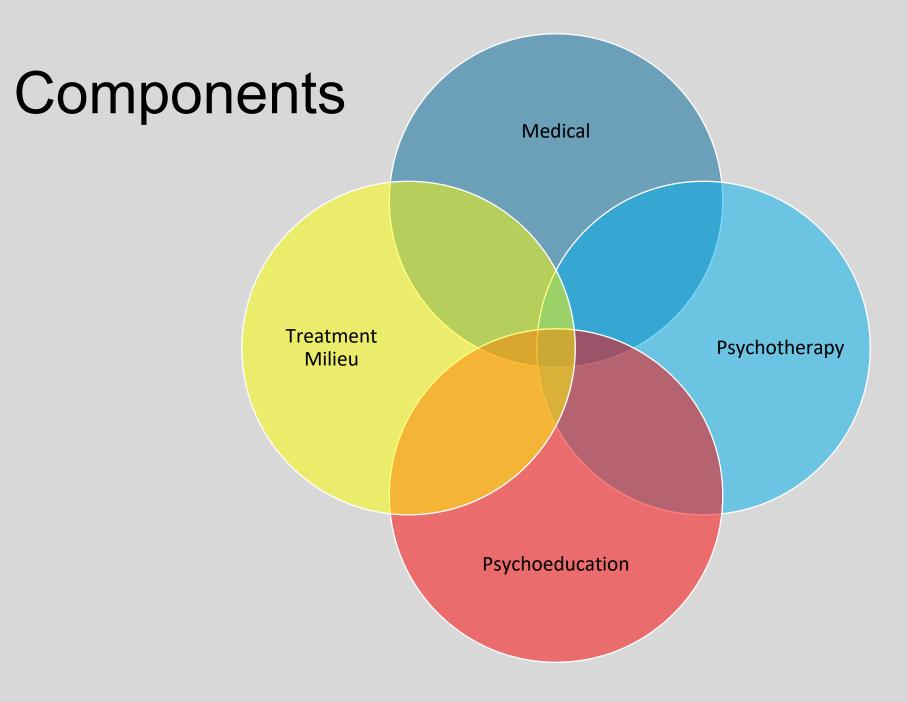
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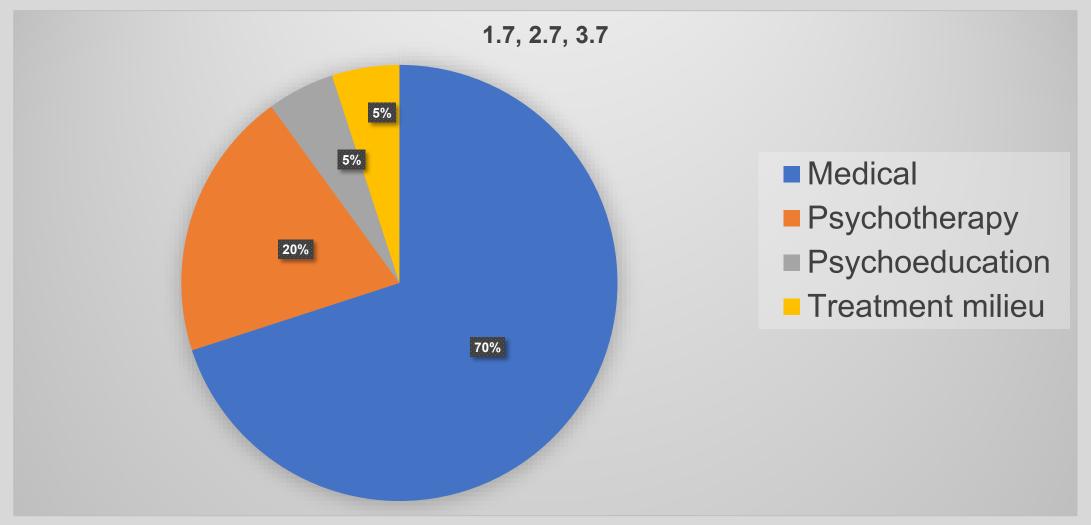
- 41 Minimum Level 3.7 = Risk Rating 3E
- 42 The patient has psychiatric concerns at a level of acuity requiring medication initiation, adjustment,
- 43 or adherence support with after-hours medical monitoring (e.g., due to non-life-threatening metabolic
- 44 risk or side effects of psychiatric medications), but does not require specialty psychiatric assessment
- 45 or management or high intensity staff support (i.e., higher staff-to-patient ratios as in Level 3.7 COE).
- 46 <u>Examples include, but are not limited to</u>:

### Appendix B – Recommended Staff Competencies

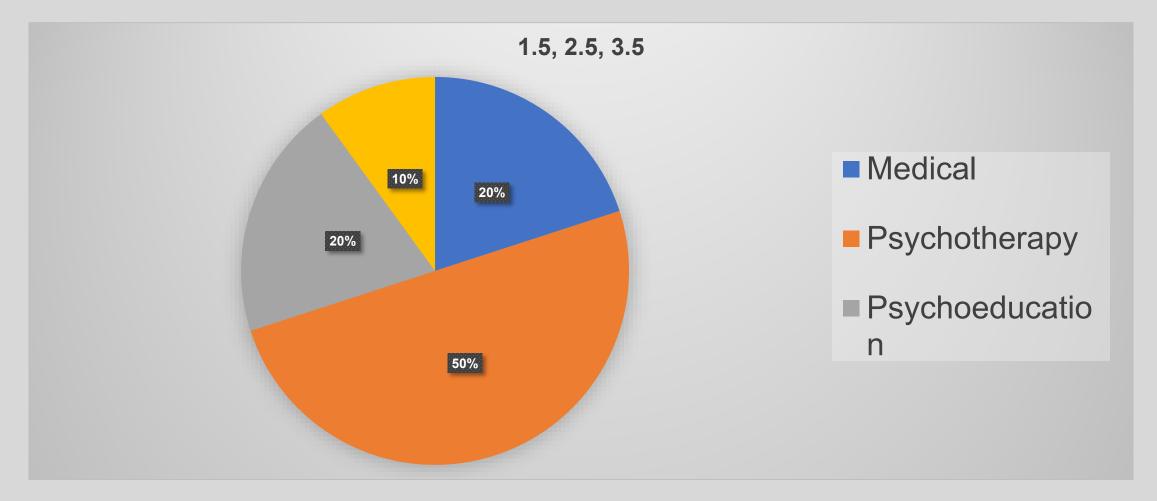
- for all clinical staff
- for all professional and allied health professional staff
- for physicians and advanced practice providers
- for addiction specialist physicians
- for other professional medical staff (RNs, LPNs, MAs, etc.)
- for master's level clinical staff
- for allied health professionals (e.g., peer support specialist, health educator, patient navigator, etc.)



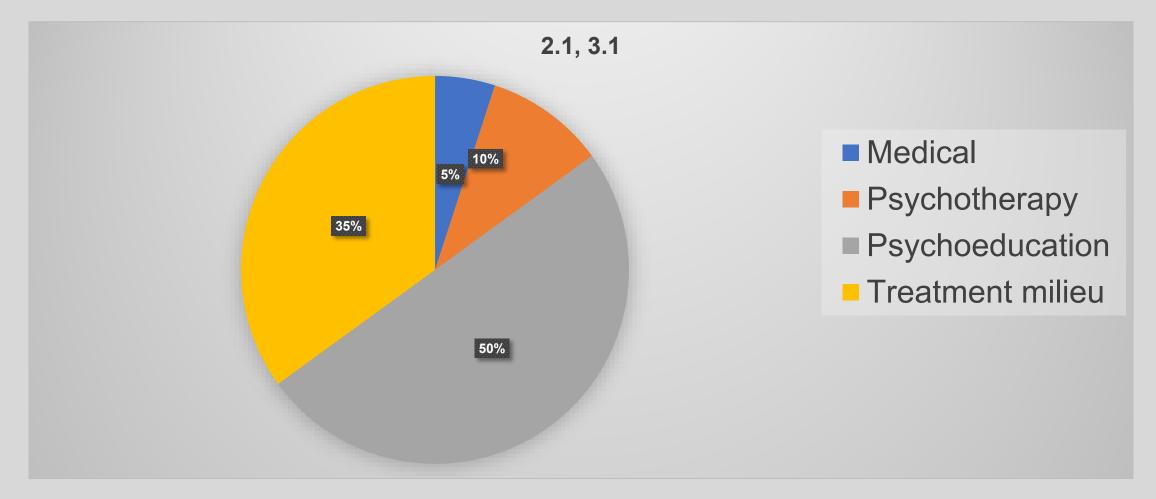
### What is a .7? (1.7, 2.7, 3.7) Dimensional Drivers (1, 2, and 3)



### What is a .5? (1.5, 2.5, 3.5) Dimensional Drivers (3 and 4)



### What is a .1? (2.1, 3.1) Dimensional Drivers (4 with lack of 3)



- 32 Universal Documentation Standards
- 33 Program documentation should include:
  - The level(s) of care that the patient is receiving treatment from
    - o Current
    - o Past 12 months
  - Summary of the results of the biopsychosocial assessment including:
    - Overview and analysis of problems within each of the six dimensions
      - Prioritization of the problems identified
      - The relationship between the problems identified and substance-related and addictive disorders
        - The patient's current level of functioning (e.g., skills of daily living)
    - Level of care recommendation(s)
    - Final disposition and reason for any discrepancies
  - Summary of physical examination

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## **Risk Ratings**

- 0) No Risk or Stable Current risk absent. Any acute or chronic problem mostly stabilized
- **1) Mild -** Minimal, current difficulty or impairment. Minimal or mild signs and symptoms. Any acute or chronic problems soon able to be stabilized and functioning restored with minimal difficulty.
- 2) Moderate Moderate difficulty or impairment. Moderate signs and symptoms. Some difficulty coping or understanding, but able to function with clinical and other support services and assistance.
- 3) Significant Serious difficulties or impairment
- Substantial difficulty coping or understanding and being able to function even with clinical support. Moderately high intensity of services, skills training, or supports needed. **May be in, or near imminent danger.**
- 4) Severe Severe difficulty or impairment
- Serious, gross or persistent signs and symptoms to tolerate and cope with problems
- Is the client in imminent danger?
- High intensity of services, skills training, or supports needed
- More immediate, urgent services may require inpatient or residential settings; or closely monitored case management services at a frequency greater than daily

### Challenges

- Lack of awareness of ASAM Criteria
- Prior auth requests that fail to address the ASAM Criteria relevant for that LOC
- Inflation of Risk Severity Levels
- Trying to maintain a 28-day program mentality
- Lack of integration with other levels of care  $\rightarrow$  keeping pt longer than necessary
- Lack of a "clinical quarterback" to monitor pt transition across the levels of care
- Lack of recognition of programs that are co-occurring capable or enhanced level of care
- Regulations that address the pre-2013 use of Residential 3.3 services ("medium intensity") rather than 3<sup>rd</sup> edition standards (cognitive impairment)



# FYI: Pennsylvania's ASAM Transition Website

https://www.ddap.pa.gov/Professionals/Pages/ASAM-Transition.aspx

### **Residential/Inpatient Services**

#### LEVEL 3.1 CLINICALLY MANAGED LOW-INTENSITY RESIDENTIAL SERVICES BY SERVICE CHARACTERISTICS

Level 3.1 programs typically combine clinical services with recovery residential services. This LoC is appropriate for patients who require additional time in a structured residential setting in order to 1) imp essential skills and 2) prepare for successful transition to a lesser LoC. (The ASAM Oriteria, p. 222)

#### I.SETTING (1 sub-service characteristic) A 24-hour supervised residence provides a safe, I. Setting secure environment where patients can develop practice early recovery skills such as resilience and refusal; experience the support of others a a recovery-oriented setting, and prepare for a successful transition to the I.1. Level 3.1 program services may be offered in a (usually) freestanding, appropriately licensed facility located in a unity setting (The ASAM Criteria, p. 2240. Experience traches that many SUDICOD pa-tients require the support and structure of a residential environment to hilly stabilize in recor-ery, with the goal of successfully transitioning to a lower (outpatient) LoC. The estanded stays at this level may facilitate this transition, assist with engagement in the community, and result in improved treatment outcome. LSUPPORT SYSTEMS (4 sub-service I. Support Systems Se Se port services enhance the treatment experience In services encance the treatment experient rould be readily available to program staff conse to patient need, and may be provided in affiliation or agreement with other provided the service of the service to the service the service of the service the service of the service the service of the service to the s port services are ordinarily beyond the scope or city of the program, but may augment existing ces or help meet individual patient needs 1. Telephone or in-person consultation with a cian and emergency services are available 4 hours a day. 7 days a week/The ASAM Criteria

LEVEL 3.1 CLINICALLY MANAGED LOW-INTENSITY RESIDENTIAL SERVICES BY SERVICE CHARACTERISTICS SELE ASSESSMENT CHECKLIST

esidential Documents

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1. SETTING (1 sub-service characteristic)

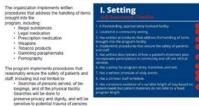
1.1. Level 3.1 program services may be offered in a (usually) freestanding, appropriately licensed facility located in a community setting (The ASAM Criteria, p. 224).

nts are medically stable and the role of medical

one consultation and rolicies and provedure

staff is as-needed rather than through direct service ion. Affiliations with qualified providers provide

ed for emergency manage



Communications, including mail, telephone use, and use of personal electronics.

Visitation. Emergency evacuation.

The program has written descriptions that describes how a patient's individualized treatment plan incorporates participation in community and other services offered off-site (e.g., vocational services, outpatient services, mutual support meetings, etc.) and expectations about return to the Level 3.1 program in the course of the day.

Evidence of a written policy or criteria for program entryladmission, transition, and exit. Admission criteria include ASAM dimensional criteria as well as DSM diagnosis.

Evidence of a written daily schedule of activities. Evidence of a 24-hour staff schedule. Consi evidence of a variable length of stay based upon patient need. Conversely patient materials should not refer to a fixed program length.

II. SUPPORT SYSTEMS (4 sub-service characteristics)

II.1. Telephone or in-person consultation with a physician and emergency services are available 24 hours a day, 7 days a week (The ASAM Criteria p.224).

There are written procedures that the program has availability of medical personnel (i.e. physician, or 5/18/2020 (3)

#### LEVEL 3.5 CLINICALLY MANAGED HIGH-INTENSITY RESIDENTIAL SERVICES BY SERVICE CHARACTERISTICS

Level 3.5 programs: assist patients whose addiction is currently so out of control that they need a 24 hour supportive treatment environment to initiate or continue a recovery process that has failed to progress. (The ASAM Criteria, p. 244)

| L SETTING (1 sub-service characteristic)   | I. Setting   |
|--|--|
| The Level 3.5 offers 24-hour supportive treatment<br>in a contained, safe, and structured environment to<br>help patients initiate or continue a recovery process<br>that has failed to progress.  | A 24-hour supportive treatment facility in<br>a constanced, safe, and sourchared<br>environment to help parents initiate or<br>construe a networky process that has fall<br>to progress.   |
| <ol> <li>Level 3.5 program services may be<br/>offered in a (usuality) freestanding, appropriately<br/>icensed facility located in a community setting<br/>or a speciality unit within a licensed healthcare<br/>(acity, Some Level 3.5 programs are offered in</li> </ol> | 1.1. Program services may be offere<br>freestanding, appropriately license<br>located in a community setting er<br>within a licensed healthcore facility<br>programs are affered in prisons or<br>as a step down for lumates release |
|  | <b>COAL:</b> Footh new skills that are required<br>transition from active addiction stable, in<br>Illingle.  |

Experience teaches that new skills are required fo Expension associate transmission are required the a successful transition from cache addiction to a stable, recovery-positive lifestyle. The residential setting provides structure, supervision, and support in the effort. Level 3.5 programs may be found in freestand-ing facilities, within larger institutions, or in correctional environments, so king as requirements are met.





LEVEL 3.5 CLINICALLY MANAGED HIGH INTENSITY DESIDENTIAL SERVICES BY SERVICE CHARACTERISTICS SELF ASSESSMENT CHECKLIST

Level 3.5 programs assist patients whose addiction is currently so out of control that they need a 24 hour supportive treatment environment to initiate or continue a recovery process that has failed to progress. (The ASAM Criteria, p. 244)

#### I. SETTING (1 sub-service characteristic)

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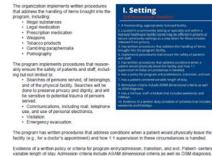
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1.1. Level 3.5 program services may be offered in a (usually) freestanding, appropriately licensed facility located in a community setting or a specialty unit within a licensed healthcare facility. Some Level 3.5 programs are offered in prisons or secure community settings as a step down those immates released from prison (TPe ASAM Criteria, p.249). mity settings as a step down for



Evidence of a written policy or criteria for program entryladmission, transition, and exit. Patient- centered

variable length of stay. Admission criteria include ASAM dimensional criteria as well as DSM diago Evidence of a 24-hour staff schedule that includes weekends and holidays.

Evidence of a written daily schedule of activities that includes weekends and holidays.

5/18/2020 (2)

#### LEVEL 3.7 MEDICALLY MONITORED INTENSIVE INPATIENT SERVICES BY SERVICE CHARACTERISTICS

Level 3.7 programs are appropriate for patients whose subacute biomedical and emotional, behavioral or coprilive problems are so severe that they require insatient treatment, but who do not need the full resources of an acute care general hospital or a medically managed inputient treatment program. (The ASAM Criteria, p. 265)

L SETTING (1 Sub-service characteristic) Level 3.7 programs provide a planned and structured regimen of 24-hour professionally directed evaluation, observation, medical monitoring, and addiction treatment in an invasioni certifice inpatient setting

1.1. Level 3.7 program services may be offered in a (usually) freestanding, appropriat licensed facility located in a community settin or in a specialty unit in a general or psychiatri hospital or other licensed healthcare facility (The ASAM Criteria, p. 266).



This level, characterized as subacute, provides

. Setting

The wave, submension on subscure, provides services and supervision not available at lower levels. Patient needs ordinarily involve enhanced medical and/or psychiatic care and are need through access to a specialized unit with services that comply with standards presented in this section.

IL SUPPORT SYSTEMS (4 sub-service characteristics)

The support system standards address those services which need to be readily available to the program through affiliation or contract. Support systems provide services, beyond the capacity of the staff of the program, which will not be needed by patients on a routine basis or services to augment those provided by

II.1. Physician monitoring, nursing care, and observation are available. A physician is available to assess the patient in person within 24 hours of admission and thereafter as medically mecessary (in states where physician assistants or nurse practitioners are licensed to provide such services, they may perform the duties designated here for a physician).

A registered nurse conducts an alcohol or other drug-focused nursing assessment at the time of admission. An appropriately credentialed and licensed nurse is responsible for monitoring the patient's progress and for medication administration (The ASAM Critera, p. 246).

Higher acuity in some patients dictates the need for 24 hour nursing care and direct involvement by the physician or other qualified practitioner

II.2. Additional medical specialty consultation, and psychological, laboratory, and toxicology ser vices, are available on-site, through consultation or referral (The ASAM Criteria, p. 267). 3/9/2020 (2)

#### LEVEL 3.7 MEDICALLY MONITORED INTENSIVE INPATIENT SERVICES BY SERVICE CHARACTERISTICS SELF ASSESSMENT CHECKLIST

I. Setting

I. SETTING (1 sub-service characteristic) I. Level 3.7 program services may be offered in Level 3.7 program services may be offered in a (usually) freestanding, appropriately licenses facility located in a community setting or in a specialty unit in a general or psychiatric hos-pital or other licensed healthcare facility (*The* pital or other licensed I ASAM Criteria, p. 266). The organization implements written procedures that address the handling of items brought into th program, including:

 Illegal substances
 Legal medication
 Prescription medication Weapons Tobacco products Gambling paraphemalia · Pomography

> The program implements procedures that reasonably ensure the safety of patients and staff, including but not limited to

Searches of persons served, of belongings, and of the physical facility. Searches will be done to preterve privacy and dightly, and will be sensitive to potential tourna of persons served.
 Communications, including mail, bieghone use, and use of personal selectionscs.

Emergency evacuation

The program has written procedures that address conditions when a patient would physically leave the facility (e.g., for a doctor's appointment) and how 1.1 supervision in these circumstances is handled.

Evidence of a written policy or criteria for program entryladmission, transition, and exit. Patient-centered variable length of stay. Admission criteria include ASAM dimensional criteria as well as DSM diagnosis.

Evidence of a 24-hour staff schedule that includes weekends and holidays

Evidence of a written daily schedule of activities that includes weekends and holidays.

II. SUPPORT SYSTEMS (4 sub-service characteristics)

II.1. Physician monitoring, nursing care, and observation are available. A physician is available to assess the patient in person within 24 hours of admission and thereafter as medically necessary (in states where physician assisting or more proceeditoners are licensed to provide such services, they may perform the duties designated here for a physician).

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#### LEVEL 3.7 MEDICALLY MONITORED INTENSIVE INPATIENT SERVICES BY SERVICE CHARACTERISTICS

Level 3.7 programs are appropriate for patients whose subacute biomedical and emotional, behavioral, or cognitive problems are so severe that they require inpatient treatment, but who do not need the full resources of an acute care general hospital or a medically managed inpatient treatment program. (The ASAM Criteria, p. 265)

#### I. SETTING (1 Sub-service characteristic)

Level 3.7 programs provide a planned and structured regimen of 24-hour professionally directed evaluation, observation, medical monitoring, and addiction treatment in an inpatient setting.

I.1. Level 3.7 program services may be offered in a (usually) freestanding, appropriately licensed facility located in a community setting or in a specialty unit in a general or psychiatric hospital or other licensed healthcare facility (*The ASAM Criteria, p. 266*).

This level, characterized as subacute, provides

services and supervision not available at lower levels. Patient needs ordinarily involve enhanced medical and/or psychiatric care and are met through access to a specialized unit with services that comply with standards presented in this section.

#### I. Setting

Provide a planned and structured regimen of 24-hour, professionally directed evaluation, observation, medical monitoring, and addiction treatment in an inpatient setting.

I.1. Program services may be offered in a (usually) freestanding, appropriately licensed facility located in a community setting or in a specialty unit in a general or psychiatric hospital or other licensed healthcare facility.

**GOAL:** Provide services and supervision not available at lower levels such as enhanced medical and/or psychiatric care.

#### **Service Characteristics**

- 1. Setting
- 2. Support Systems
- 3. Staff
- 4. Therapies
- 5. Asst/Tx Plan Review
- 6. Documentation

### II. Support Systems

Address services which need to be readily available to the program through affiliation or contract.



II.1. Physician monitoring, nursing care, and observation are available. A physician is available to assess the patient in person within 24 hours of admission and thereafter as medically necessary. An RN conducts an alcohol or other drug-focused nursing assessment at the time of admission. An appropriately credentialed and licensed nurse is responsible for monitoring the patient's progress and for medication administration.

II.2. Additional medical specialty consultation and psychological, laboratory, and toxicology services are available on-site through consultation or referral.

II.3. Programs have the ability to provide coordination of necessary services or other levels of care are available through direct affiliation or referral processes.

*II.4. Psychiatric services are available on-site, through consultation or referral when a presenting issue could be attended to at a later time. Such services are available within eight hours by telephone or 24 hours in person.* 

#### CO-OCCURRING ENHANCED

**II. SUPPORT SYSTEMS (4 sub-service characteristics)** Address those services which need to be readily available to the program through affiliation or contract.

II.1. Level 3.7 enhanced co-occurring programs offer appropriate psychiatric services, medication evaluation, and laboratory services *(The ASAM Criteria, p 267).* 

II.2. A psychiatrist assesses the patient within 4 hours of admission by telephone and within 24 hours following admission in person, or sooner, as appropriate to the patent's behavioral health condition, and thereafter as medically necessary (the services of another physician may be required for biomedical concerns) (*The ASAM Criteria, p 267*).

II.3. A registered nurse or licensed mental health clinician conducts a behavioral health-focused assessment at the time of admission. If not done by an RN, a separate nursing assessment must be done *(The ASAM Criteria, p 267).* 

II.4. A registered nurse is responsible for monitoring the patient's progress and administering or monitoring the patient's selfadministration of psychotropic medications (The ASAM Criteria, p 267).

#### II. Support Systems Self Assessment Checklist

1. Physician monitoring, nursing care, and observation are available.

2. A physician is available to assess the patient in person, within 24 hours of admission and thereafter as medically necessary.

3. A registered nurse conducts an alcohol or other drug-focused nursing assessment at the time of admission.

4. An appropriately credentialed and licensed nurse is responsible for monitoring the patient's progress and for medication administration.

5. Has written procedures that a nursing assessment is conducted by a registered nurse at admission and written procedures for ongoing nursing monitoring for 24 hours/day, 7 days/week.

6. Has written procedures for onsite or on-call availability of medical personnel to conduct medical assessments within 24 hours of admission and to respond to urgent medical or psychiatric situations 24 hours/day, 7 days/week.

7. Where the medical personnel are not on site, there is a current written agreement that details the contracted providers' responsibilites and availability.

8. Has written procedures instructing staff on when and how to access on-call medical personnel or to use 911.

9. Evidence of a 24 hours/day, 7 days/week nursing schedule and credentials of the staff in the schedule.

10. Evidence of nursing and medical assessments in patient record.

11. Additional medical specialty consultation and psychological, laboratory, and toxicology services are available on-site, through consultation or referral.

12. Documentation of written relationships/agreements with medical specialty, laboratory/drug testing, psychological, and pharmacy services. Agreements are specific about what is expected of the provider, as well as expectation for ongoing partnership in treatment planning, collaborative monitoring, and transfer.

13. Has written procedures describing the utilization of a referral process for specialty medical services, pharmacy services, lab

A registered nurse conducts an alcohol or other drug-focused nursing assessment at the time of admission. An appropriately credentialed and licensed nurse is responsible for monitoring the patient's progress and for medication administration (*The ASAM Criteria*, p. 266).

There are written procedures that a nursing assessment is conducted by a Registered Nurse at admission and written procedures for ongoing nursing monitoring 24 hours/day, 7 days/week.

There are written procedures for onsite or on-call availability of medical personnel (i.e., physician, or nurse practitioner or physician assistant in states where they may perform physician duties) to conduct medical assessments within 24 hours of admission and to respond to urgent medical or psychiatric situations 24 hours/day, 7 days/week.

Where the medical personnel are not onsite, there is a current written agreement that details the contracted providers' responsibilities and availability.

There are written procedures instructing staff on when and how to access on-call medical personnel or

### Concepts to remember...

### Levels of WM

| CHAPTER 6  |  |
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| Addressing Withdrawal Management and   |  |
| Intoxication Management  |  |
| Introduction to Withdrawal Management  |  |
| Treatment Levels and Comparison of Withdrawal Management Services                            |  |
| Level 1-WM: Ambulatory Withdrawal Management without Extended On-Site Monitoring             |  |
| Level 2-WM: Ambulatory Withdrawal Management with Extended On-Site Monitoring                |  |
| Level 3-WM: Residential/Inpatient Withdrawal Management                                      |  |
| Level 3.2-WM: Clinically Managed Residential Withdrawal Management                           |  |
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| Level 4-WM: Medically Managed Intensive Inpatient Withdrawal Management                      |  |
| Dimensional Admission and Treatment Considerations   |  |
| Variable Withdrawal Risk by Substance  |  |
| Withdrawal Management Decision Rules in <i>Continuum, The ASAM Criteria Decision Engine™</i> |  |
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